

Tallest Buildings in Russia¹

This list includes buildings that are under construction. Only buildings that are completed² are officially ranked on CTBUH listings.

Key:

Building is completed² and officially ranked by the CTBUH

Building is under construction and topped out architecturally³

Building is under construction⁴, but not topped out architecturally

Building is under construction, but currently on hold⁵

Rank	Building Name	City	Year	Stories	Height		Material	Use
					m	f		
	Mercury City Tower	Moscow	2011	70	380	1247	Concrete	Office/Residential
	City Hall and City Duma	Moscow	2013	71	308	1012		Office
	Eurasia	Moscow	2010	67	304	998	Composite	Office/Hotel/Residential
	Capital City Moscow Tower	Moscow	2010	76	302	989	Concrete	Residential
1	Naberezhnaya Tower C	Moscow	2007	61	268	881	Composite	Office/Residential
2	Triumph Palace	Moscow	2005	61	264	866	Concrete	Residential
	Capital City St. Petersburg Tower	Moscow	2010	65	257	843	Concrete	Residential
	Zvenigorodsky	Moscow	2011	62	253	829		Office
	Federation Towers - Vostok Tower	Moscow	2010	64	242	795	Concrete	Office
3	Federation Towers - Zapad Tower	Moscow	2008	63	242	795	Concrete	Hotel/Residential
4	MV Lomonosov State University	Moscow	1953	39	239	784	Steel	Educational
	Imperia Tower	Moscow	2010	60	239	783	Concrete	Office/Hotel/Residential
	House on Mosfilmovskaya 1	Moscow	2010	53	203	666	Concrete	Residential
5	Ukraine Hotel	Moscow	1955	34	198	650	Steel	Hotel
	Mirax Plaza 1	Moscow	2010	47	193	632	Concrete	Office
	Antey-III	Yekaterinburg	2009	48	192	630	Concrete	Office/Hotel
	Park Huamin	Moscow	2010	40	180	591		Office
6	Vorobiovy Gory Tower II	Moscow	2004	48	178	584		Residential
7	Edelweiss	Moscow	2003	43	176	577	Concrete	Residential
8	Kotelnicheskaya Naberezhnaya	Moscow	1952	32	176	576	Steel	Residential
9	Aliye Parusa 2	Moscow	2003	48	176	576	Concrete	Residential
10	Ministry of Foreign Affairs	Moscow	1953	27	172	564	Steel	Office
11	Nordstar Tower	Moscow	2009	42	172	562	Concrete	Office
	Mirax Plaza 2	Moscow	2010	41	168	550	Concrete	Office
12	Wellhouse na Leninskom	Moscow	2009	46	162	531	Concrete	Residential
13	Swissotel Krasnye Holmy	Moscow	2005	35	162	531	Concrete	Hotel
14	Vorobiovy Gory Tower I	Moscow	2004	43	161	528		Residential
14	Vorobiovy Gory Tower III	Moscow	2004	43	161	528		Residential
16	Kudrinskaya Square	Moscow	1954	22	160	525	Steel	Residential
17	Gazprom	Moscow	1994	35	151	495		Office
18	Dom v Sokolnikah	Moscow	2008	37	147	482	Concrete	Residential
19	Central Tourist House	Moscow	1980	33	138	452		Office
20	Hilton Moscow Leningradskaya	Moscow	1953	26	136	446	Steel	Hotel
22	Dom na Begovoy 1	Moscow	2008	44	136	445	Concrete	Residential
22	Dom na Begovoy 2	Moscow	2008	44	136	445	Concrete	Residential
23	Monte Falcone	Moscow	2008	36	135	444	Concrete	Office
	Residential at Slavyanskaya Square	Saratov	UC	38	135	443	Concrete	Residential
24	Red Gate Square	Moscow	1953	24	133	436	Steel	Office/Residential
25	House on Mosfilmovskaya 2	Moscow	2009	34	131	430	Concrete	Residential
26	Prospekt Vernadskogo 41	Moscow	2005	32	130	427		Office/Residential
	ST Plaza Siberia	Novosibirsk	2011	30	130	427		Office
	Sky City Office Tower	Novosibirsk	2009	24	130	427	Concrete	Office
27	Olympia Tower 2	Moscow	2004	35	129	423	Concrete	Residential
28	Naberezhnaya Tower B	Moscow	2006	29	127	417	Concrete	Office
29	Ladya 2	Samara	2006	25	126	413	Concrete	Residential
29	Ladya 3	Samara	2008	25	126	413	Concrete	Residential
31	VDNkh Tower	Moscow	2007	34	122	399	Concrete	Residential
32	Aliye Parusa 1 Korpus 1	Moscow	2001	31	122	399		Residential
32	Aliye Parusa 1 Korpus 3	Moscow	2001	31	122	399		Residential
34	Academy of Sciences	Moscow	1989	29	120	394	Concrete	Educational

Footnotes:

- Height is measured from the level of the lowest, significant, open-air, pedestrian entrance to the architectural top of the building, including spires, but not including antennae, signage or flag poles.
- A completed building can be considered such if it fulfills all three of the following criteria: a) topped out structurally and architecturally, b) fully-clad, and c) open for business, or at least partially occupied.
- A tall building is 'topped out' when all its structural members are in place.
- A tall building is considered to be 'under construction' when site clearing has been completed and foundation / piling work has begun.
- A tall building is considered to be 'on hold' when it is widely reported within the public domain that construction has halted.

Material: A *steel* tall building is defined as one where the main vertical and lateral structural elements and floor systems are constructed from steel.

A *concrete* tall building is defined as one where the main vertical and lateral structural elements and floor systems are constructed from concrete.

A *composite* tall building utilizes a combination of both steel and concrete in the main structural elements throughout the building. A *concrete/steel* tall building indicates a steel structural system located above a concrete structural system, with the opposite true of a *steel/concrete* building.

Use: A *single-function* tall building is defined as one where 85% or more of its total floor area is dedicated to a single usage. A *mixed-use* tall building contains two or more functions, where each of the functions occupy at least 15% of the tower's total floor area. Ancillary / support areas such as car parks and mechanical plant space do not constitute mixed-use functions. Functions are denoted on CTBUH 'Tallest' lists in ascending order.

For a more complete overview of the CTBUH's height criteria see <http://www.ctbuh.org/criteria.htm>